

son would not have come up at all," returned Mr. Schiff.

"And per consequentia, the check would not have been given?"

"I don't know about that," said Mr. Schiff, shaking his head. "I think that if Governor Sulzer had come to me at any time for a check for \$2,500, I would have given it to him."

"Had you heard of any change of circumstances of William Sulzer at any time previous to this \$2,500 check," asked the witness, "that would have caused him to receive it?"

"I know that members of Congress receive salaries," said Mr. Schiff, smiling. "You had not for at least a year prior to this time given him any checks, and you do not recall that you ever did."

"I do not recall that I ever gave him any money of any kind," said Mr. Schiff, positively.

"You knew that he was at the time a member of Congress?"

"I did," said Mr. Schiff.

Congressmen Get Salaries.

"And you knew that as a member of Congress he received a salary?"

"I know that members of Congress receive salaries," said Mr. Schiff.

"He has told you he knew," interrupted Justice Cullen. "There is no use of asking the witness whether a member of Congress receives a salary. He did not receive the salary at the time he did not draw it. It is a matter of common knowledge that members of Congress receive salaries."

"Is the notation on the front of the check, on the corner," asked Brackett, "and which you say was not put on until the year—some time in the year—1912, prior to the time that the check was given to Mr. Sulzer, the notation for the Frawley committee?"

"It is in your own handwriting?"

"It is," said Mr. Schiff.

Gives Former Answer.

"Did you intend to put on there truthfully the purpose for which the check had been drawn?"

"To this question the witness replied: 'I refer you to my answer of yesterday, and let it stand as the answer for to-day.'"

"Just say now, did you or didn't you?" said Judge Cullen.

"This was written," said Mr. Schiff. "Yes or no, Mr. Schiff?" said Brackett.

"No, he cannot answer yes or no," interrupted the witness.

"Mr. Richards," said Mr. Schiff, "was standing at my desk and asked for the check. As I explained yesterday, that was not my own check. It was the check of my firm, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and since there might be no misunderstanding as to what was the check of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., I put on the notation in a quick way and gave it to Mr. Richards."

Personal Expense.

"Was this check in any way charged on the books of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.?"

"It was charged to my personal account."

"Was it then charged or was the \$2,500 then charged in your personal books in any way?"

"It was charged by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. to my personal account, and by reason of this it passed into my books as an expense."

"Was there any notation of the purpose for which it had gone on your personal account books?"

"Except that it had gone to William Sulzer, no," said Mr. Schiff. "There certainly was no explanation."

"No explanation of the purpose for which it was given?"

"There wasn't."

Cannot Change Testimony.

The prosecution opened its case this morning by moving to strike from the record the testimony of Mr. Schiff's statement that he gave Sulzer a check for any purpose whatever. The prosecution is eager to prove bribery, if possible, against the Governor, and this testimony, which was given in the eyes of the jury, certainly did not aid in that. The prosecution moved to strike the testimony, which was given in the eyes of the jury, certainly did not aid in that. The prosecution moved to strike the testimony, which was given in the eyes of the jury, certainly did not aid in that.

HE'LL TATTOO MONOGRAM ON YOUR ARM FOR A TRIFLE

Jawn Worthington Comes From Somewhere East of Suez to Open Studio.

Worthy "Jawn" Worthington, who keeps the wolf from the door by teaching things over the gas range of a Main Street lunchroom, came to Richmond from somewhere east of Suez six weeks ago, and discovered that Father Time had laid one very important essential, namely, to wit: a tattoo studio. Being somewhat of a handy man himself with the ink-bottle, "Jawn" sat himself down to supply the city's visible need and is now in a position to announce the opening of his exclusive tattoo studio. According to "Jawn," tattooing the simon-pure art; it is the last cry in color-inking. To operate a tattoo studio one must not only be a mechanic and a friend of electricity, but must have art dripping from the finger tips. Compared to painting pictures, tattooing is a simple thing. The ordinary paint daubing is as simple as rolling of a log. The pen and brush method have been discarded. The artist must have his inspiration on tap already, and the patient in the studio insists upon it. Thanks to the invention of the electric tattooing needle, "Jawn" is able to furnish speed and a painless operation that I had requested from my friends toward his campaign fund.

Have Checks Cashed.

After evading a score of questions as to the whereabouts of the \$2,500 check, which was given to him about future collections when he called the first time with a number of checks, Dersch reluctantly gave this reply: "He asked me if I got any more checks to be kind enough to have them cashed."

Ezekiel Fisman, attorney for A. H. Stabler, told of sending one check for \$100 at the request of his client, who had cashed it at a local bank. This was acknowledged by Stabler.

Ralph Trier, vice-president of the Frank V. Straus Company, publishers of theatrical programs, testified he had sent a check for \$250 on cash instructions from Straus, who was abroad. Mr. Straus, who is a relative of Mrs. Sulzer by marriage, had called the Sulzer cash and had given him the check. The check was one that was used in the Boyer Griswold stock speculative account.

Three Other Notes.

After an hour of argument, Judge Cullen announced his opinion that the evidence should be admitted. The entire company of justices and Senators and the grand jury opened the gates to a flood of testimony, such as came from the prosecution, had not expected to get in. It was the worst blow Sulzer has yet sustained.

Former Senator Charles A. Stadler, president of the American Smelting Company, and Charles Dersch, a sales man of the same company, were the witnesses who told of the contributions by brewers and of Sulzer's preference for cash instead of checks. Stadler told how Sulzer had asked him to come to his office prior to his nomination and had said:

"You can help me more than one way, and you know what you can do." He told him I thought I understood the situation and would do what I could, added Stadler.

"Mr. Sulzer requested me to go to Fourteenth Street and introduce for him there. I went to Fourteenth Street and saw the parties involved, talked the matter over and recommended Mr. Sulzer's nomination, and promised if they gave him their support, I would do all I could for him, and all that he could do, and then subsequently reported back to Mr. Sulzer what I had done, and he thanked me."

After the nomination, Stadler explained, he began collecting money from his friends for Sulzer's use in the campaign. He told of sending checks to Sulzer by Dersch, and later on of cashing other checks and sending the currency to the nominee. He told of one Sunday morning visit to the Sulzer home, when he was accompanied by Dersch, to whom he had given \$100 to deliver to Sulzer.

"Did you tell Mr. Sulzer at the time you gave him this money where you got it and what it was for?"

"I told him they were contributions."

SUSPECT MURDER

Bottle Found Near Body of Young Woman Contained Cyanide.

Westminster, Md., September 25.—The witness found in the body of Miss Ella Warfield, at the time of her death at Skiesville, near two months ago, contained cyanide of potassium, the report received last evening from the State chemists by State's Attorney Edward O. Weant.

All efforts to locate the person who sold the poison or the person who bought it have been unavailing and, so far as the bottle in question, there is not the slightest clue to be obtained from it. The bottle is not stamped with any description. Action in the case will follow, but Mr. Weant would not say what he intends to do at this time. Whether or not the body will be exhumed and an inquest held could not be learned from Mr. Weant. It is believed by some, however, that this will be the action taken.

More interest is being manifested in the case today, and the State's attorney is being pressed with many inquiries from all sections of the county and even from Baltimore. He will not say now that he has abandoned the suicide theory, but declares he is of the

positive opinion that Miss Warfield did not die a natural death.

The statements of witnesses which Mr. Weant has covered every phase of the case, including testimony regarding the fact that the body of some connected with the case.

Almost a score of persons have been examined by the State's attorney, and although many conflicting statements have been made, some of the testimony will prove of a startling nature when it is made public.

WHOLESALE ROBBERY

Parcel Post on Pacific Mail Steamer in Prey of Thieves.

San Francisco, September 25.—That a wholesale robbery of the United States parcel post aboard the Pacific Mail steamer City of Sydney, including valuable registered mail, money orders and expensive articles, has been carried out, is the opinion of the customs officials and the post-office authorities, who are now investigating the case.

Following the recovery of a number of articles from the prisoners, the United States officials found that a number of sacks of mail had been broken into, and the belief is that the articles found are probably a very small portion of the plunder.

WOULD ATTEND FUNERAL

Convicted Briber Would Go to Son, Who Committed Suicide.

Williamson, Va., September 25.—Joseph Rhoads, nineteen years old, son of a State Representative, was found dead this morning in his room at his home. He had apparently shot himself through the chest at some time during the night. None of the family can give any reason for the suicide.

The boy's father was recently sentenced to the penitentiary, having been convicted of bribery in connection with the election of a United States Senator last winter.

Governor Hatfield has been asked to permit the father to attend the funeral of his son.

IMPORTING CORN

Cargo of 7,200 Tons Arrives in New York From Buenos Aires.

New York, September 25.—What is said to be the largest shipment of corn received from South America for more than two years arrived here yesterday from Buenos Aires. This shipment marked the beginning of a large importation arranged by several produce dealers in this country. It is said.

It is stated that under the prevailing prices of corn in this country importers can buy corn in South America and pay the difference in the cost of transportation and still have a margin left.

CHARTLTON CASE WAITS

Italian Authorities Seeking Official Records of Marriage.

Como, Italy, September 25.—Among the documents asked for in connection with the case of the young American, Porter Charlton, awaiting trial here on the charge of murdering his wife at Lake Como three years ago, is the official certificate of his marriage to Miss Mary Crittenden, of San Francisco, and also all the official records referring to the case.

If no serious complications arise in the judicial procedure it is expected by the legal authorities that the actual trial will begin in February.

The preliminary inquiry into the charge against Charlton in 1910 has been a minority party in the United States citizens, pointing out that they had not evinced hesitation in landing troops on the shores of Lake Como when similar conditions prevailed.

"We are responsible in no small part for conditions in the republic of Mexico," said the Senator. "We cannot avoid or shirk that responsibility. It is the business of our government to protect its citizens at home or abroad. I do not believe this has been done in Mexico."

"If our people are killed in Mexico, we should not seek damages, but enter that country and protect our citizens and their property and prevent other acts of violence."

Senator Works was the orator of the day, and his speech was made in the presence of the Spanish minister, Don Juan Tlano y Gavanara; Congressman Robert L. Henry of Texas, a personal representative of President Wilson, and a number of other distinguished guests.

COMMITTEE WILL SIT INDEFINITELY

Chairman Owen Is Unable to Tell Witness Just When He May Be Recalled.

HOLD TWO SESSIONS DAILY

Chicago Banker and Yale Expert on Theory of Currency Indorse Principles of Bill.

Washington, September 25.—Edward D. Hulbert, of Chicago, a banker, and Professor Irving Fisher, of Yale University, experts on the theory of currency, today indorsed principles of the administration currency bill before the Senate committee. Amendments designed to alter the proposed methods for carrying out the purposes of the measure were recommended by both.

The desire of the committee to examine Mr. Hulbert further brought out the fact that hearings on the bill will be continued indefinitely. Mr. Hulbert said he was willing to return to Washington later, and asked how long the hearings would continue.

To Continue Hearings.

"The chairman of the committee cannot say," answered Senator Owen. "I have not yet heard from Mr. Hulbert, but he will be recalled when he is ready to return."

A regular schedule later was fixed for two sessions daily in the future. Mr. Hulbert told the committee State banks and trust companies must be brought into the new system if it is to be a success.

He suggested amendments designed to have the plan attractive to State institutions.

Both Mr. Hulbert and Professor Fisher criticized the provision fixing the 33 1/3 per cent gold reserve to be held against the proposed new currency. They recommended that the reserve requirement be increased.

Wall from Middle West.

Further criticism of the bill from the viewpoint of the business interests of the Middle West was presented by Kendall G. Winston, of Minnesota, who said that the bill would be a wall from the Middle West because only paper maturing within ninety days would be available for rediscount.

"This bill," said Mr. Winston, "would result in a contraction of the currency for eighteen months after its passage and as such would be a wall from the Middle West because only paper maturing within ninety days would be available for rediscount."

Mr. Winston, secretary of the Citizens' League of Minnesota, submitted a brief showing the difficulty of forming a regional reserve bank in the North.

E. D. Hulbert, vice-president of the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company, suggested changes in the reserve plan.

WILSON'S POLICY SECURES PURPOSE

President Accomplishes Elimination of Huerta as a Candidate in Mexico.

GO TO THE POLLS, ACCORDING TO HEADQUARTERS REPORT.

Opposing Party Will Refuse to Go to the Polls, According to Headquarters Report.

Washington, September 25.—President Wilson today took the position that the policy of moral suasion adopted by the United States toward Mexico had accomplished its two cardinal purposes—to obtain assurances that there would be a constitutional election, and that Provisional President Huerta would not be a candidate to succeed himself.

Advices received here describing in detail preparations for the election of October 26, and saying General Huerta would not be a candidate, but would support Federico Gamboa, nominee of the Catholic party, encouraged President Wilson and Secretary Bryan to believe that the United States was carrying out what the United States had emphasized as the essential features of a satisfactory settlement of the revolutionary troubles.

The President realizes it will not be immediately possible to judge whether the election is actually constitutional, and will withhold decision as to whether the choice of that election will be recognized by the United States.

Some Doubt Expressed.

Doubt as to the value of the coming election as expressing the will of the Mexican people was cast by constitutionalist headquarters here today in the issuance of a statement saying its supporters extending over many Mexican States would not go to the polls.

Many persons familiar with the purposes of the administration here predicted that the next step in the policy of the United States would be an effort to show indirectly to the Constitutionalists that the United States was not prepared to recognize a government that would not go to the polls.

"I send through you, to my colleagues and to the students of the university for the session of 1913-1914, my undiminished faith and my love and good wishes."

"I confide myself with the better that they all understand where my heart is, and know how I am striving to come back to them. My purpose is to be with them at the New Year, and in that interval I shall watch their vivid interest all of their doings—from the tickets they make to the touchdowns they score."

This is his tenth anniversary at the University of Virginia, and he may be able to celebrate it by giving himself, with renewed strength, to the service of the university.

"It is a profound satisfaction to me to know that the session opens with increased attendance, with increased facilities for instruction and with the spirit of hope and high purpose, I trust, in every heart. To the old students whom I know, and whom I think as my friends, I beg you will give my greetings, and tell them that I expect every one of them to play the man at Virginia this year. To the host of new men whom, unhappily, I do not know, save as a class, my sympathies go out to them, and I hope that they will interest themselves in the university, and may live to bless the day and the influence that enrolled them forever among the sons of the University of Virginia."

"Faithfully yours,"

"EDWIN A. ALDERMAN."

The exercises began with prayer by Rev. William M. Forrest, D. D., professor of biblical literature at the university.

Gifts to University.

Dean Page presided, and made an address of welcome to students, old and new. Concerning gifts to the institution, he said:

"It is always gratifying to be able to announce that through the wisdom of benevolent individuals, friends of education, and in particular, friends of this university, means are being provided to enhance the power and efficiency of the institution. I have the honor to announce that under the will of the late Edward C. Folkes, a native of Lynchburg, Virginia, two scholarships have been founded in this university, of the value of about \$750 each per annum, in memory of the late William C. Folkes. The holders of these

TOTAL REGISTRATION NEARS 1,000 MARK

Announcement Made at University of Virginia Convocation Exercises.

MESSAGE FROM ALDERMAN

Words of Greeting Sent by Absent President Stir Audience to Great Applause.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Charlottesville, Va., September 25.—The eighty-ninth consecutive session at the University of Virginia began auspiciously to-day with a notable convocation in Cabell Hall. Lectures started two weeks ago, but the exercises to-day marked the official beginning of the newest and biggest session in the institution's history.

There are nearly as many students enrolled now as were registered at the close of last session. The records show that for many years approximately 100 students registered between the opening and the close of a session, so that if this precedent is maintained, the total registration for 1913-14 will be well toward the 1,000 mark.

The registrar's figures, as presented by Dean James Morris Page in his announcement to-day, are as follows:

The college, 352; the graduate school, 33; the department of engineering, 29; the department of medicine, 193; the department of law, 250. Total, 872.

This total includes some duplicates, as in cases where students are taking courses in more than one department, but the total net registration is not much below the registrar's total.

Message From Alderman.

President Alderman sent a message from the University of Virginia which stirred the large audience that heard it read by Dean Page into a great outburst of applause. President Alderman's letter was addressed to Dean Page, and read as follows:

"My Dear Mr. Dean:

"I send through you, to my colleagues and to the students of the university for the session of 1913-1914, my undiminished faith and my love and good wishes."

"I confide myself with the better that they all understand where my heart is, and know how I am striving to come back to them. My purpose is to be with them at the New Year, and in that interval I shall watch their vivid interest all of their doings—from the tickets they make to the touchdowns they score."

This is his tenth anniversary at the University of Virginia, and he may be able to celebrate it by giving himself, with renewed strength, to the service of the university.

"It is a profound satisfaction to me to know that the session opens with increased attendance, with increased facilities for instruction and with the spirit of hope and high purpose, I trust, in every heart. To the old students whom I know, and whom I think as my friends, I beg you will give my greetings, and tell them that I expect every one of them to play the man at Virginia this year. To the host of new men whom, unhappily, I do not know, save as a class, my sympathies go out to them, and I hope that they will interest themselves in the university, and may live to bless the day and the influence that enrolled them forever among the sons of the University of Virginia."

"Faithfully yours,"

"EDWIN A. ALDERMAN."

The exercises began with prayer by Rev. William M. Forrest, D. D., professor of biblical literature at the university.

Gifts to University.

Dean Page presided, and made an address of welcome to students, old and new. Concerning gifts to the institution, he said:

"It is always gratifying to be able to announce that through the wisdom of benevolent individuals, friends of education, and in particular, friends of this university, means are being provided to enhance the power and efficiency of the institution. I have the honor to announce that under the will of the late Edward C. Folkes, a native of Lynchburg, Virginia, two scholarships have been founded in this university, of the value of about \$750 each per annum, in memory of the late William C. Folkes. The holders of these

scholarships must be from Lynchburg or Campbell County, Virginia.

"I have the honor also to announce that under the will of the late Dr. Robert Wood Green, the bulk of his fortune comes to the university, some \$150,000. A portion of this noble quest goes to support two traveling fellowships for graduate students, primarily for research in the history and the bulk of the fortune will be for the benefit of the university library, which will also receive Dr. Green's exceedingly handsome and valuable private library."

Address by Dr. Graham.

Dean Page then introduced President H. Tucker Graham, of Hampden-Sydney college, as principal speaker of the occasion. He referred to the splendid memory of Robert Wood Green, and to the knowledge the university's debt of gratitude to him.

Dr. Graham delivered a scholarly address, in which he presented the "Student Who Drops Out," and he presented a convincing argument to show that young men should not only exert every effort to go to college, but should strive mightily to complete the course, once they have begun.

GIVES PALM TO "T. R."

"Uncle Joe" Won't Even Attempt to Deny Language of Bull Moose.

Washington, September 25.—"The last analysis,"

Recognize who's speaking, don't you? Yes, it's Uncle Joe's "Cannon" who came on from Danville last night to attend a meeting of the Lincoln Memorial Commission.

"Coming back to politics," said Uncle Joe, "I'd a heap rather talk most anything else than politics. I'm tired of fact, there isn't very much in politics now. As I view the outlook, we've got to wait until the Democrats are proven by their works."

This talk of regular Republicans turning to Roosevelt and back to them, Uncle Joe's words are all too true. I would hate to have to repeat what the Colonel said about that proposition; I don't want that kind of language, you know."

The company smiled and heaped and red hot smoking cigars, and Uncle Joe went on to say:

"But let's all keep cool for awhile and let the country work out its own salvation under the new Democratic dispensation. If the Democrats can do all that they claim to have done, I don't turn Democrat myself."

Mr. Cannon was asked about the Lincoln Memorial bill, which he introduced last time. He said he couldn't get enough votes to order a roll call.

OBITUARY

Walter W. King.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Charlottesville, Va., September 25.—Walter W. King, a prominent attorney and politician of Stokes County, died at 5 o'clock after a long illness. Bright disease caused his death. The funeral will be held at noon to-morrow and interment will be in the Presbyterian cemetery, at Danbury. Mr. King was a native of Stokes County, and studied law under Chief Justice Pearson, of which he practiced for a short while. From here he went to Danbury, where he had been a power in politics. He served several terms in the General Assembly, and was solicitor for a while of the Stokes County. His widow, who was a Miss Accaness, of Stuart, Va., and four sons survive. He was a brother of Pendleton O. Walsh, who died a few weeks ago, and R. R. King, a prominent attorney of this city.

DEATHS

WALSH.—Died, at the residence of Mr. Joseph Faherty, 1031-12 North Twenty-ninth Street, Mrs. ANNIE E. WALSH, widow of the late O. Walsh. Funeral TO-DAY, 12 M., from the above residence.

WALT.—Died, at St. Elizabeth Hospital, 7 o'clock, ELIZABETH DABNEY WALT. Funeral notice will appear later.

MINOR.—Died, at the Virginia Home for Incurables, Thursday, P. M. CARTER C. MINOR, son of the late P. M. and Cora Carter Minor. Funeral from the home, THIS MORNING at 11 o'clock. Interment in Hollywood.

WEISIGER.—Died, at the Retreat for the Sick at 7:50 P. M. Thursday, September 25, 1913, ELIZABETH C. WEISIGER, fifteen years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Weisiger. Funeral from Grace Church, Powhatan County, SATURDAY AFTERNOON. New York papers please copy.

Colonel John S. Harwood.

At a meeting of the Jackson Monument Corporation at Lee Camp Hall, on Thursday, September 25, the following resolution was adopted:

With profound regret this association has heard of the death of one of its members, Colonel John S. Harwood. Responding promptly to our call, Colonel Harwood became a member of our board, and with intelligence and zeal has shared our councils and our efforts. His removal by death is a loss which we deplore, and the want of his cordial co-operation in our work we lament.

JAMES POWER SMITH, President.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

Reliable agents can make big money handling The Times-Dispatch—Virginia's Greatest Newspaper

In towns where it is not already represented.

Write Circulation Department, The Times-Dispatch, for full particulars.

Reliable agents can make big money handling The Times-Dispatch—Virginia's Greatest Newspaper

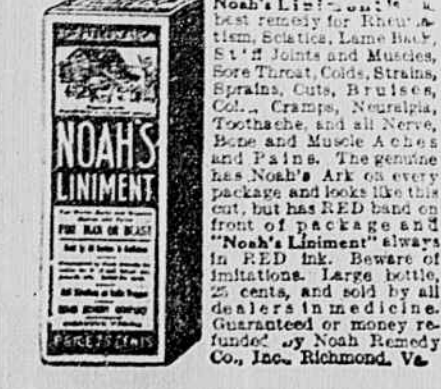
In towns where it is not already represented.

Write Circulation Department, The Times-Dispatch, for full particulars.

Reliable agents can make big money handling The Times-Dispatch—Virginia's Greatest Newspaper

In towns where it is not already represented.

Write Circulation Department, The Times-Dispatch, for full particulars.



Noah's Liniment is a best remedy for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lame Back, Stiff Joints and Muscles, Sore Throat, Colds, Strains, Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all other ailments. It is a sure cure for all these and many other ailments. It is a sure cure for all these and many other ailments. It is a sure cure for all these and many other ailments.